# Managing Large Linux Farms at CERN

OpenLab: Fabric Management Workshop

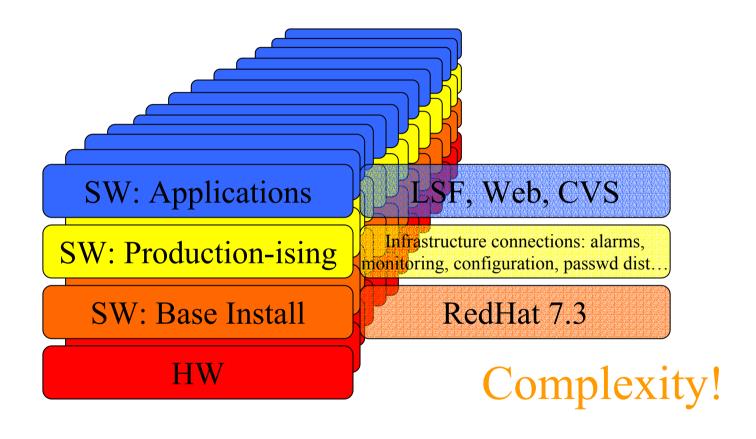
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#### Contents



- Our Challenge (non-solutions)
  - Scale
  - Complexity
  - Dynamics
- Our Solution
  - Architecture
  - Current Status

## Simple Question of Scale?



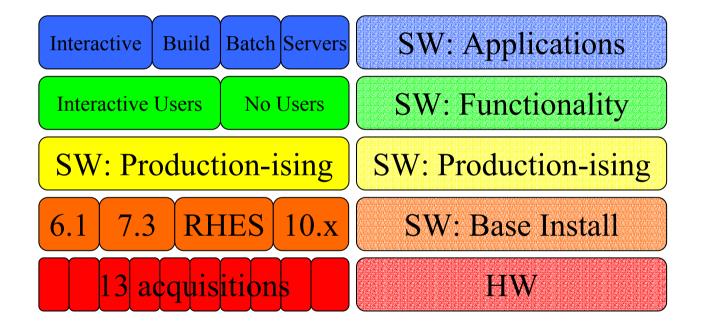
## Scale is important!



[~]

- 1000 boxes
- 800,000 Si2ł
- 140,000 jobs/wk
- 12,000 uids
- 30 user communities
- 150 simul. indep. applics
- Public network
- 20 root priv

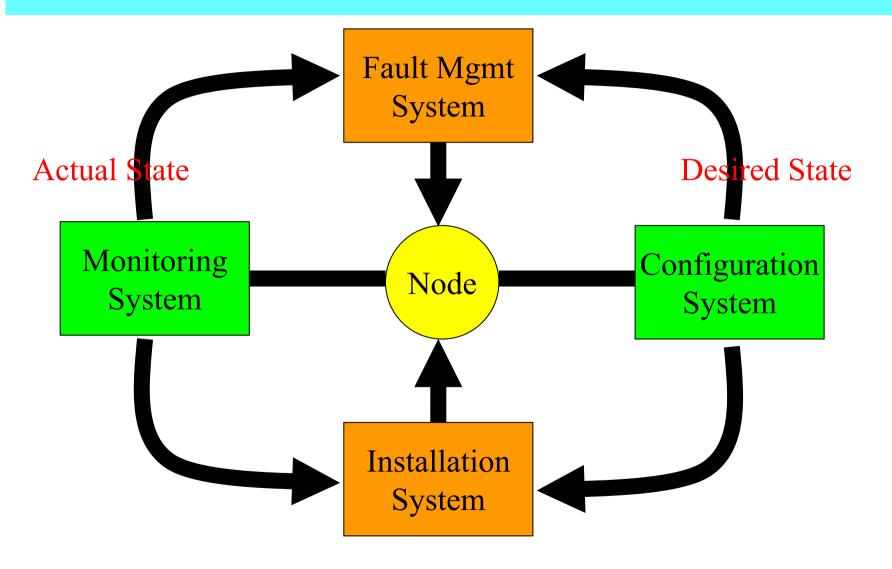
## Complexity: Static Configuration



## Complexity: Dynamics

- Volatile configurations
  - Fast passwd files (every couple of hrs)
  - Med Access lists
  - Med SW security updates
  - Slow OS upgrades
- Proliferation
  - Hardware Failures
- Asymptotic configuration changes
  - Node quiescence
  - Hardware down / at vendor
  - User community constraints

#### A Clean Restart



#### Framework Considerations

- Lightweight/modular/coupling/protocols/interfaces...
  - Decoupling
    - Local config files
    - Local programs do all work
  - Avoid inherent drift
    - No external crontabs or remote mgmt scripts
    - No unregistered application provider triggered updates
    - No reliance on mgmt tools for parallel cmd
  - Reproducible in time and space ©
  - Staggered replacement of existing tools
- Scalable
  - Load balanced servers
  - Time smeared transactions
  - Pre-deployment caches
  - Head-nodes?

## Config/SW Considerations

- Hierarchical configuration specification
  - Graph rather than tree structure
  - Common properties set only once
- Node profiles
  - Complete specification in one XML file
  - Local cache
  - Transactions / Notifications
- Externally specified, Versioned: CVS repos.
- Clean Initial State
  - Linux Standards Base, RPM
- One tool to manage all SW: SPMA
  - System and application
- Update verification nodes + release cycle
- Procedures and Workflows

# Hardware variety

```
structure template
                                              hardware_cpu_GenuineIntel_Pentium_III_1100;
                                                "vendor" = "GenuineIntel":
                                                "model" = "Intel(R) Pentium(R) III CPU family 1133MHz";
                                                "speed" = 1100:
rdware_diskserv_elonex 1100
rdware elonex 500
rdware_elonex_600
.rdware_elonex_800
rdware_elonex_800_mem1024mb
rdware_elonex_800_mem128mb
                                              template hardware_diskserver_elonex_1100;
rdware_seil_2002_interactiv
                                              "/hardware/cpus" = list(create("hardware_cpu_GenuineIntel_Pentium_III_1100"),
rdware seil 2003
                                                                      create("hardware_cpu_GenuineIntel_Pentium_III_1100"));
ırdware siemens 550
                                              "/hardware/harddisks" = nlist("sda", create("pro_hardware_harddisk_wDC_20"));
"/hardware/ram" = list(create("hardware_ram_1024"));
"/hardware/cards/nic" = list(create("hardware_card_nic_Broadcom_BCM5701"));
rdware_techas_600
rdware techas 600 2
rdware_techas_600_mem512mb
ırdware techas 800
                                              structure template hardware_card_nic_Broadcom_BCM5701;
                                                "manufacturer" = "Broadcom Corporation NetXtreme BCM5701 Gigabit Ethernet";
                                                "name"
                                                          = "3Com Corporation 3C996B-T 1000BaseTX":
                                                "media" = "GigaBit Ethernet";
                                                "hus"
                                                               = "pci":
```

## Software variety

- CERN RedHat Linux 7.3.2
  - ~ 2400 packages declared in CDB

```
software_diskserver7
software_lxbatch7
software_lxdev7
software_lxmaster7
software_lxplus7
software_tapeserver7

include declaration_functions;

include software_packages_cern_redhat7_3_release;
include software_packages_cern_redhat7_3_asis_base;
include software_packages_cern_redhat7_3_cerncc_base;
include software_packages_cern_redhat7_3_cerncc_base;
include software_packages_cern_redhat7_3_edgwp4;

"/software/packages"=pkg_del("CASTOR-client");
"/software/packages"=pkg_add("CASTOR-disk_server","1.5.2.3-1","i386");
"/software/packages"=pkg_add("CERN-CC-3dmd","1.0-1","i386");
```

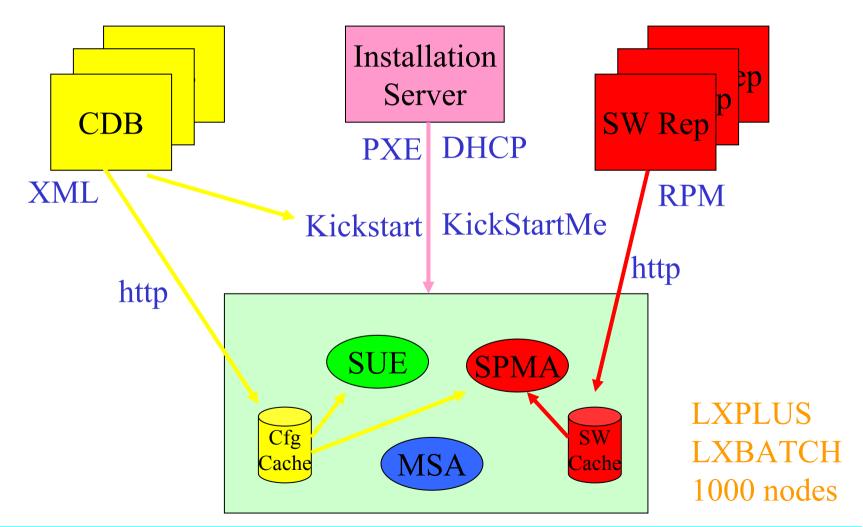
- RedHat Enterprise Server 2.1
  - ~ 1300 packages declared in CDB
- Diff subsets are selected for diff services
- Complete control over installed software

2003/07/08

#### What is in CDB?

- Hardware
  - CPU
  - Hard disk
  - Network card
  - Memory size
  - Location
- Software
  - Repository definitions
  - Service definitions = groups of packages (RPMs)
- System
  - Partition table
  - Cluster name and type
  - CCDB name
  - Site release
  - Load balancing information

## Current Implementation



#### Conclusions

- Maturity brings...
  - Degradation of initial state definition
    - HW + SW
  - Accumulation of innocuous temporary procedures
- Scale brings...
  - Marginal activities become full time
    - Many hands on the systems
- Combat with strong management automation